MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/36

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2011	9701	36

Qu	estion	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
1	(a)	PDO Layout	Constructs a table for results to show volume FB 1 , volume distilled water and time.	1	
		PDO Recording	Correct headings and units. Units must have solidus: /s; brackets: (s); or describe in words: time in seconds or time in s. Units of volume: cm ³ with solidus etc. as above. All recorded readings must have units. If units in headings they must not be repeated for each individual reading.	1	
			All times recorded to 1 second. Volumes of FB 1 and water to 1 or 0.05 cm ³ .	1	[3]
(b)		MMO Decision	Two additional volumes of propanone chosen both of which are less than 20 cm ³ . These must not be more than one in the region 20–14, 14–8 and < 8 and not within 1 cm ³ of the original values.	1	
		MMO Collection	In both additional experiments water is added to make a total of 20 cm ³ . Some FB 1 must be used.	1	[2]
	(c)	PDO Display	(i) Working shown and answer = 5×10^{-5} mol.	1	
			(ii) Working shown and answer = $(5 \times 10^{-5}) / 0.050$ = 1 × 10 ⁻³ ecf from (i).	1	[2]
	(d)	ACE Interpretation	Calculates the rate correctly using ans (c) (ii) × 10 ⁵ / time. <i>Answers given to minimum 2 sig figs</i> .	1	
		PDO Recording	Units for rate given as mol dm ⁻³ s ⁻¹ .	1	[2]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2011	9701	36

(e)	PDO Layout	I Rate on <i>y</i> -axis and volume on <i>x</i> -axis. Axes clearly labelled.	1	
		II Uniform scale chosen to use at least 6 large squares on y-axis and 4 on x-axis. This can include 0,0 if point plotted or line extrapolated. Ignore extrapolation > 20.	1	
		III Plotting of points. Points to be within ½ small square and in correct square. All recorded values should be plotted.	1	
		IV Draws a line of best fit.	1	
	MMO Quality	Award V and VI for $\delta = \pm 3 \text{ s}$	1	
		Award V only for $\delta = \pm 6 s$	1	
		Award VII and VIII for $\delta = \pm 8 \text{ s}$	1	
		Award VII only for $\delta = \pm 16 \text{ s}$	1	[8]
(f)	ACE Conclusion	Notes linear relationship/(directly) proportional/ reaction is 1 st order with respect to propanone. Rate increases as concentration (volume) increases would score one.	2	
	ACE Improvement	Other volumes of iodine and repeat for varying volumes of propanone/repeat values for each run/carry out all experiments again/repeat any anomalous results/use burettes for FB 2 OR FB 3 / carry out relevant specified experiments/use a colorimeter/use starch to show colour change/ minimise intervals in volumes used. Do not allow: carry out more experiments/use other volumes of propanone /do experiments again/effects of changing conditions.	1	[3]
(g)	MMO Decision	Uses 5 cm ³ of iodine solution with extra 5 cm ³ of distilled water.	1	
	ACE Interpretation	Uses the expression (c) (ii) /2 and time from (g) . <i>Time must be different from that in (d).</i>	1	[2]
(h)	ACE Conclusion	Makes logical statement to compare rate with corresponding rate in (d).	1	[1]

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2011	9701	36

(i)	ACE Interpretation	Uncertainty in each measurement is 0.05 cm ³ /0.1 cm ³ is overall burette error.	1	
		$\frac{0.10}{20.0} \times 100 = 0.50\%$ 0.50 alone scores 2 $\frac{0.05}{20.0} \times 100 = 0.25\% \text{ scores } 1$	1	[2]
		2010		[-]

[Total: 25]

		FB 4	is H ₂ S	SO4; FB 5 is Pb(NO ₃) ₂ ; FB 6 is (NH ₄) ₂ CO ₃		
2	(a)	MMO Decision	(i)	Named reagent involving CrO_4^{2-} or CO_3^{2-} solution/ Mg. Allow NaOH only if increase in T for FB 4 is used.	1	
		MMO Collection	(ii)	FB 4 gives orange solution/ FB 4 gives effervescence/ / FB 4 gives effervescence <i>Gas liberated not allowed unless test for gas</i> <i>given</i> .	3	
				FB 5 gives yellow ppt/white ppt/no reaction/black ppt.		
				FB 6 gives yellow solution/no reaction/no change.		[4]
	(b)	MMO Collection	FB 4	4 + FB 5 and FB 5 + FB 6 white ppt.	1	
			FB (6 + FB 4 effervescence/bubbling.	1	
			Gas	turns limewater milky/cloudy/chalky.	1	[3]
	(c) PDO Recording Presents information in a table to include both reagents and excess of each. Ignore anything described as the acid in (a). No additional reagents allowed.		1			
				5 gives white ppt soluble in excess NaOH and e ppt insol in excess $NH_3(aq)$.	1	
			FB (6 gives no reaction with either NaOH or $NH_3(aq)$.	1	
			•	rms FB 6 + NaOH and tests) gas/ammonia turns pred litmus blue.	1	
			FB 4	4 no change scores 1.		[4]

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	GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2011	9701	36

(d)	ACE Conclusions	All conclusions must follow observations. For each unknown. One mark for ion and one mark for satisfactory evidence.		
		FB 5 If CrO ₄ ²⁻ in (a) , Pb ²⁺ (1)	1	
		Evidence: yellow ppt and white ppt with NaOH or NH_3 (1)	1	
		or if not CrO_4^{2-} in (a) Al^{3+} or Pb^{2+} (both needed) (1)		
		Evidence NH_3 (ignore NaOH) (1)		
		One of Al^{3+} or Pb^{2+} can score MP 2. FB 6 $NH_4^{+}/ CO_3^{2-}(1)$		
			1	
		Evidence: formation of NH_3/CO_2 from appropriate tests (1)	1	
	or FB 6 Ba^{2+} or NH_4^+ (both needed) (1)			
		Evidence: no ppt both NaOH and NH_3 (1)		[4]
			[Tota	l: 15]